

Lecture 2 "I am social robot." Dimensions of social robot design

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Socially Intelligent Robotics (SIR)

Hybrid format

Learning objectives

By the end of this lecture, you should be able to:

1 - Identify relevant dimensions that characterize social robots

- 2 Critically discuss how these dimensions affect the human-robot interaction
- 3 Apply these dimensions to the brainstorming phase of a social robot design process

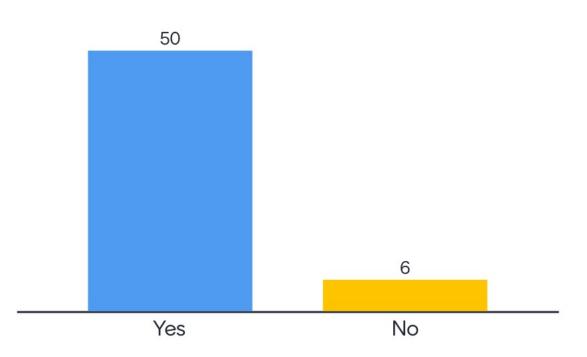
What comes to mind when you hear "social robot"?

"Social" robots?



Go to www.menti.com and use the code 3160 3498

1 - Is this a social robot?





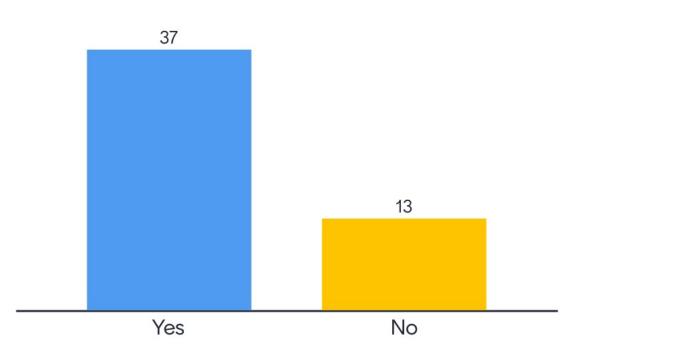




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2- Is this a social robot?

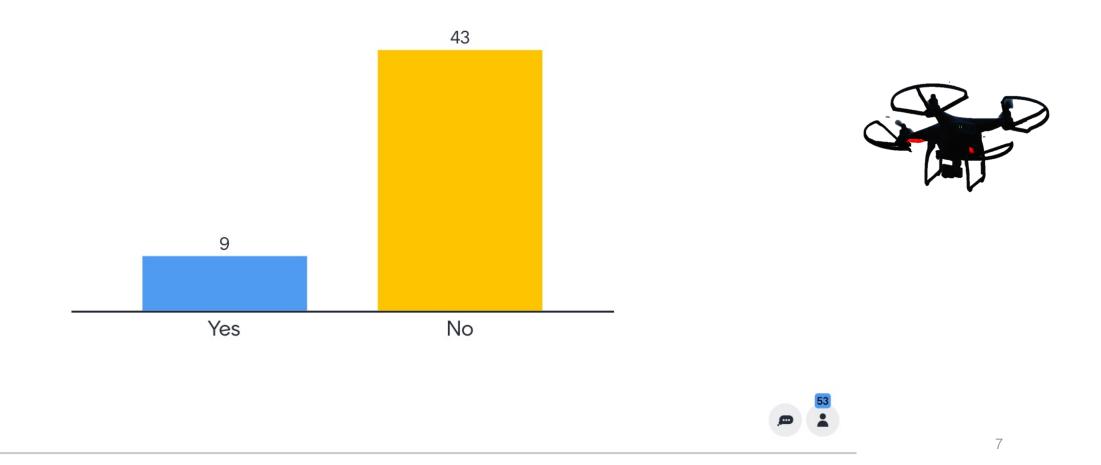






Go to www.menti.com and use the code 3160 3498

3 - Is this a social robot?





https://emalliaraki.com/social-drones

Defining "social robots"

No strict (binary) definition \rightarrow Think about levels of "socialness" Appearance and behavior both play a role and should go hand in hand



In this lecture: "broad" understanding of social robots as being socially interactive

Design space for socially interactive robots



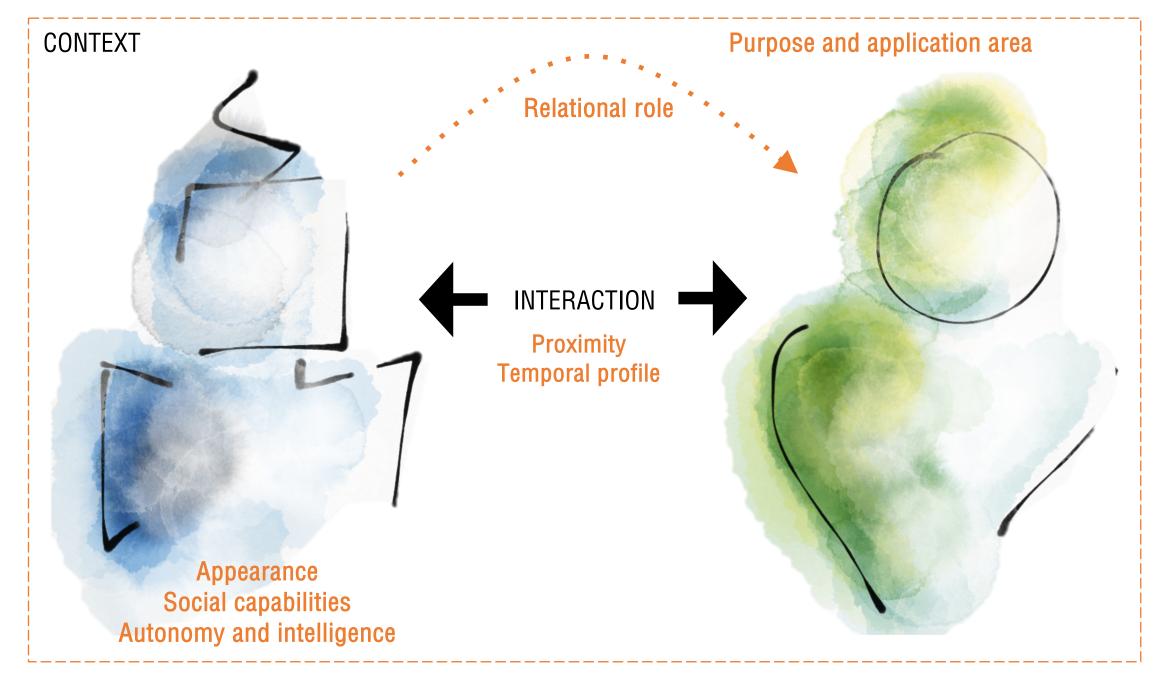
Human-Robot Interaction pp 21-64 | Cite as

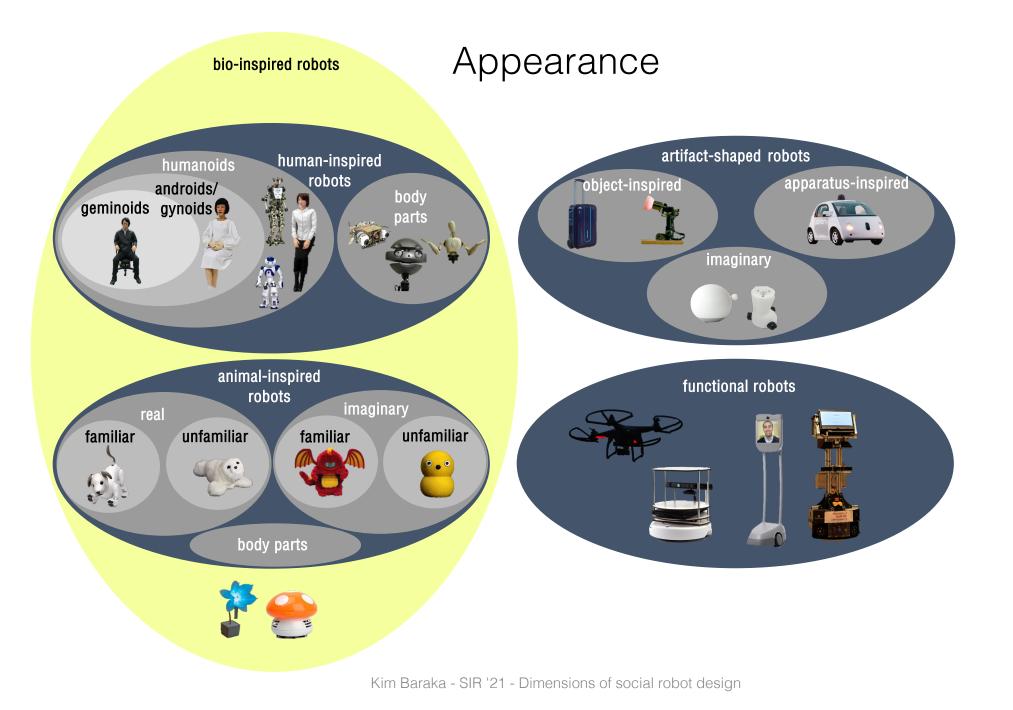
An Extended Framework for Characterizing Social Robots

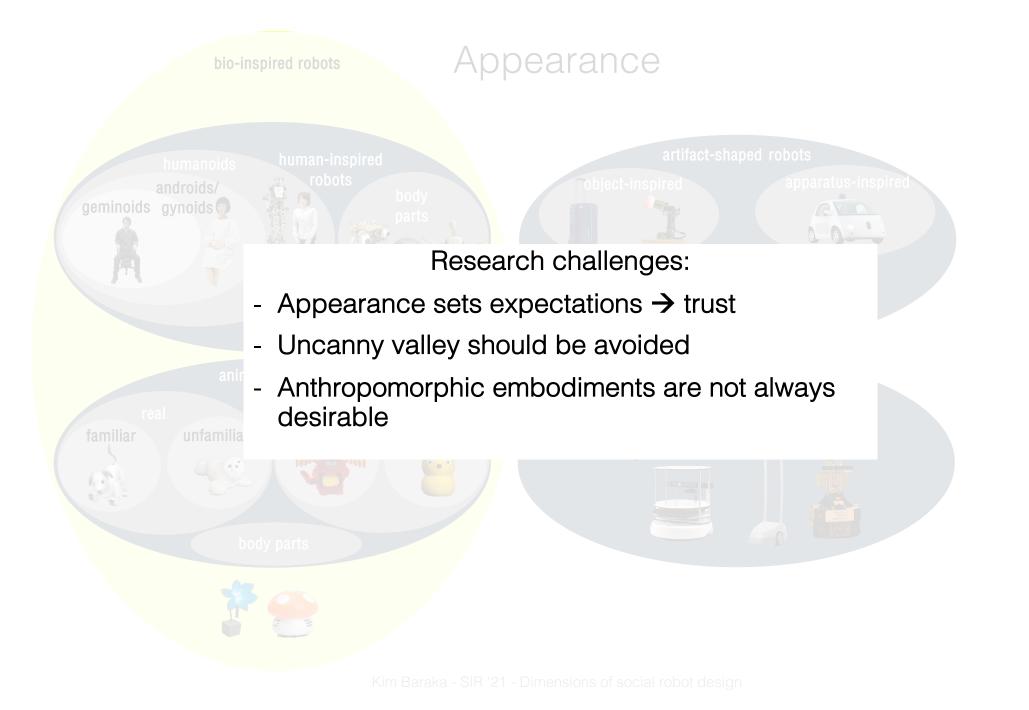
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What are some important factors (dimensions) to think about when designing robots that interact with people?







Social capabilities

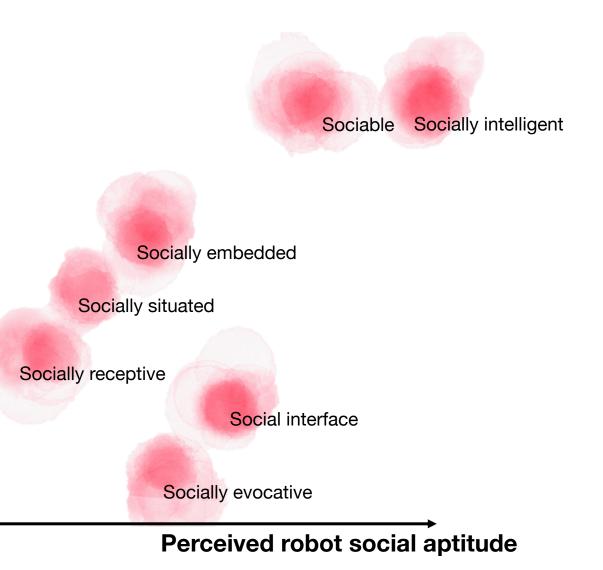
Components of social interactivity for robots (adapted from Fong et al. 2002):

- Communicating using natural language or non-verbal modalities
- Expressing affect and/or perceiving human emotions
- Exhibiting distinctive personality and character traits
- Modeling and recognizing social aspects of humans
- Learning and developing new social skills and competencies
- Establishing and maintaining social relationships

Social capabilities

- Socially evocative: evoke social and emotional responses in humans
- Social interface: use human-like social cues and communication
- Socially receptive: socially passive but benefit from interaction
- Socially situated: surrounded by a social environment they can interact with
- Socially embedded: structurally coupled with social environment and aware of interactional structures
- Sociable: pro-actively engage with humans to satisfy internal social aims
- Socially intelligent: human-style social intelligence with deep models of cognition and social competence

social cognition robot of Depth

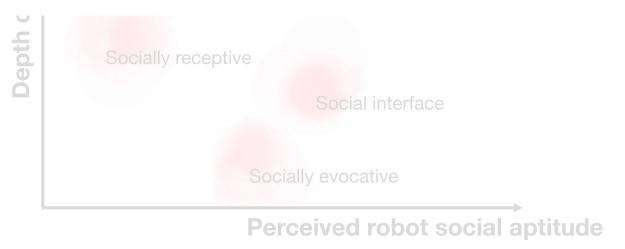


Social capabilities

cognition

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- Socially evocative: evoke social and
- Social interface: use human-like social
- Socially receptive: socially passive but benefit from interaction Research challenge:
- Socially situated: s environment they o
 - Designing social intelligence has many facets and requires knowledge from several disciplines
- Socially embeddec coupled with social environment and
- humans to satisfy internal social aims
- Socially intelligent: human-style social intelligence with deep models of





Socially intelligent

Purpose and application area

SeRoDi assisting

an elder person

CoBot navigating an office

corridor

Bossa Nova's supermarket

robot .



interacting

Robota assisting a child with

ASD

Baxter teaching children

HERB acting in a play



Education,

entertainment and art

Pearl assisting an elder

person

Furby with a child

Bee-bot used for

educational activities



Healthcare and therapy



Home and workplace

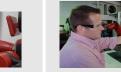
Robear carrying a patient

Care-O-bot 4

in a home

HERB engaging in kitchen

tasks



Baxter being synesthetically taught in a factory

Industry



Locusbots[™] collaboratively operating in a warehouse

> Search and rescue



Inuktun and Packbot equipped with social behavior









development cognition



Survivor buddy / Inuktun in a simulated disaster environment

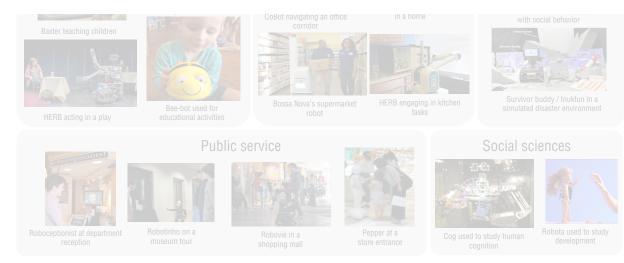
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Purpose and application area

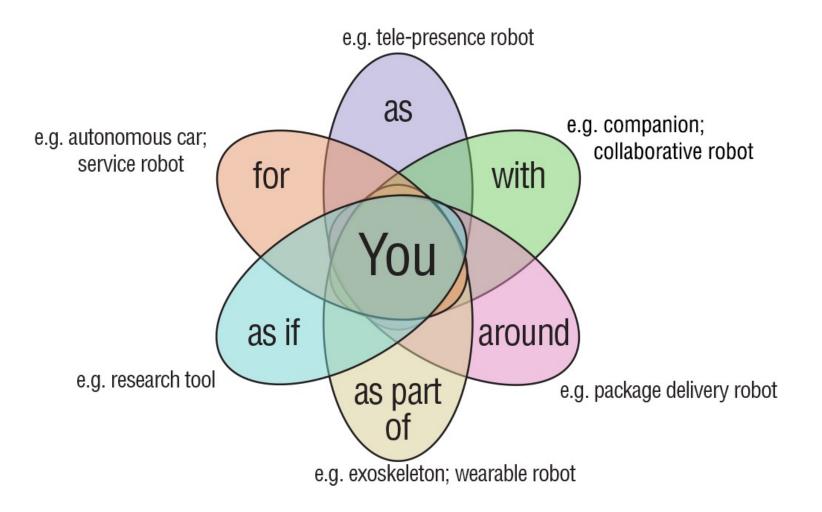


- User-centered design based on intended application
- Expand to new applications areas



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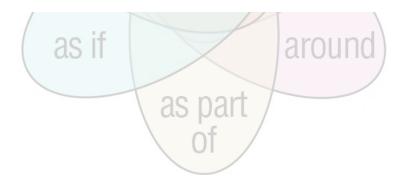
Relational role



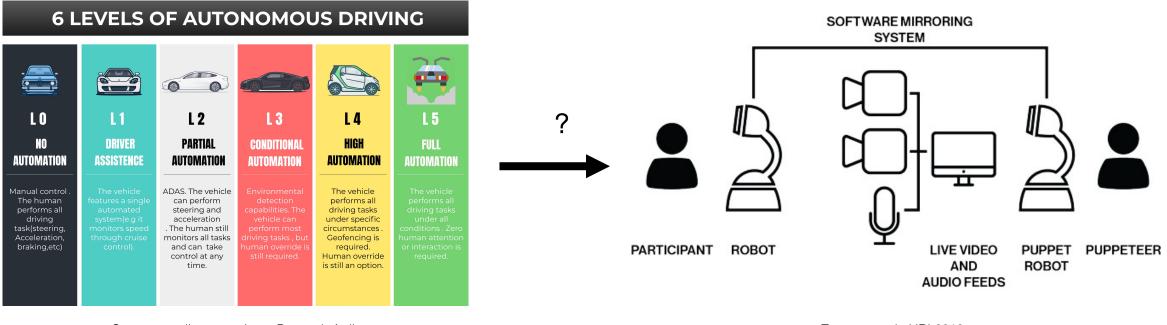
Relational role



- Consider how the role of the robot affects the interaction dynamics
- Expand to new roles



Autonomy and intelligence



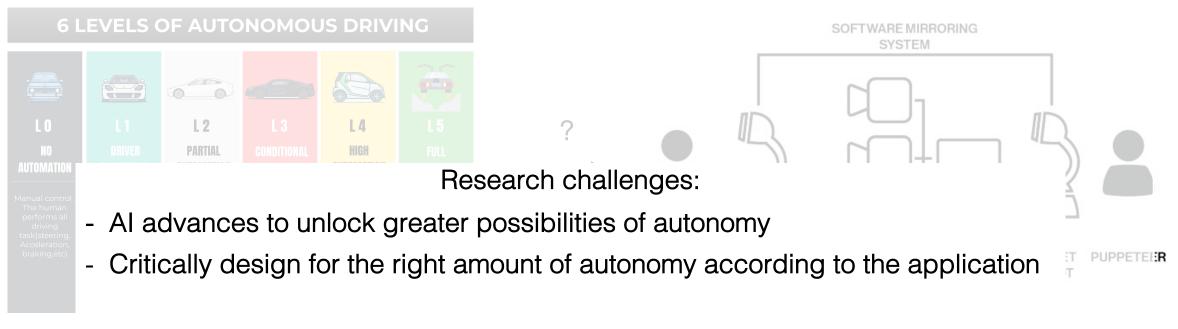
Source: medium.com (user Pratyush Atri)

Tennent et al., HRI 2018

Autonomy — "The extent to which a robot can operate in the tasks it was designed for (or that it creates for itself) without external intervention."

Intelligence — "The ability to determine behavior that will maximize the likelihood of goal satisfaction under dynamic and uncertain conditions, linked to the environment and the interaction with other (possibly human) agents.

Autonomy and intelligence



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Proximity

Remote



Photo credit: iRobot

- Latency
- Social presence
- Shared autonomy
- Non-verbal communication (e.g., gaze and proxemics)

Co-located



- Situated communication
- Social navigation

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. . .

- Perception of social cues

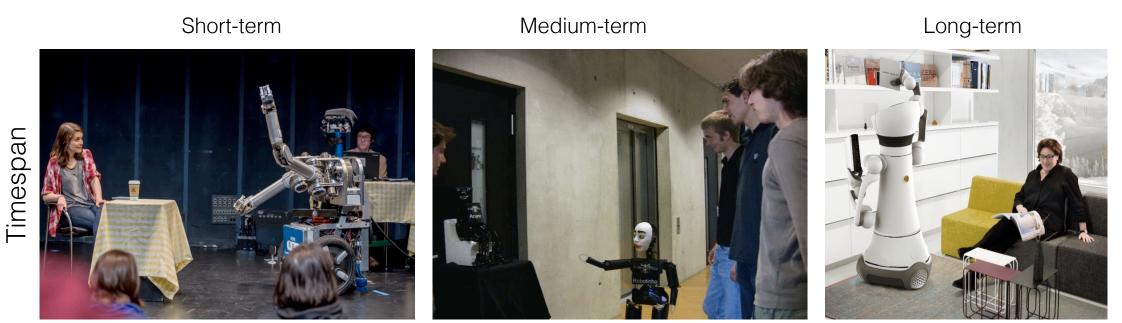
Physical



- Haptic control
- Social meaning of touch
- Safety

- ...

Temporal profile



Zeglin et al., 2014

Faber et al., 2009

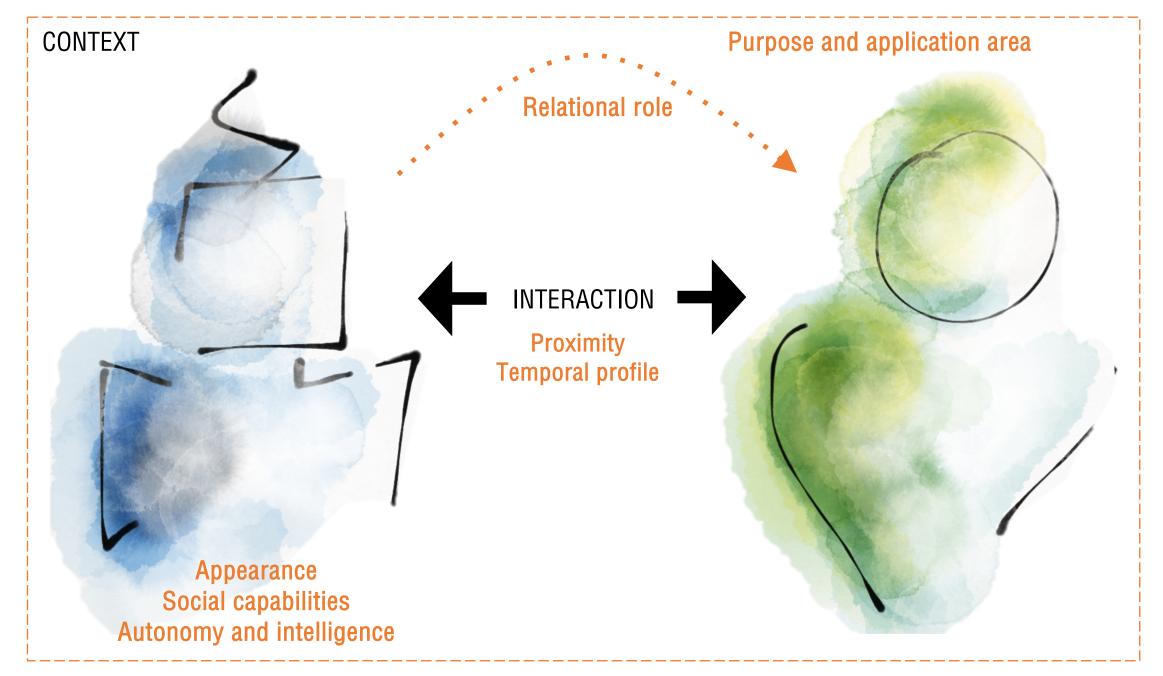
Baraka et al., 2016

Also consider duration and frequency of interactions

Temporal profile



Also consider duration and frequency of interactions







What other dimension would you add to this framework?



